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ASTÉRISQUE 286

**GEOMETRIC METHODS
IN DYNAMICS (I)**

VOLUME IN HONOR OF JACOB PALIS

edited by

Wellington de Melo

Marcelo Viana

Jean-Christophe Yoccoz

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GEOMETRIC METHODS IN DYNAMICS (I)

VOLUME IN HONOR OF JACOB PALIS

edited by Wellington de Melo, Marcelo Viana,
Jean-Christophe Yoccoz

Abstract. — This is the first of two volumes collecting original research articles, on several aspects of dynamics, mostly by participants in the International Conference on Dynamical Systems held at IMPA (Rio de Janeiro), in July 2000, to celebrate Jacob Palis' 60th birthday.

Résumé (Méthodes géométriques en dynamique (I). Volume en l'honneur de Jacob Palis)

Ceci est le premier de deux volumes regroupant des articles originaux de recherche concernant des aspects variés de la théorie des systèmes dynamiques, écrits par certains des participants à la Conférence Internationale sur les Systèmes Dynamiques qui s'est tenue à l'IMPA (Rio de Janeiro), en juillet 2000 pour commémorer le 60^e anniversaire de Jacob Palis.



CONTENTS

Abstracts	xiii
Résumés des articles	xvii
Preface	xxi
Scientific Works of Jacob Palis	xxiii
S. NEWHOUSE — <i>On the Mathematical Contributions of Jacob Palis</i>	1
Introduction	1
Structural Stability	2
A Geometric Approach	5
The Stability Conjectures	7
From Hyperbolicity to Stability	8
From Stability Back to Hyperbolicity	10
Bifurcation Theory	11
Homoclinic Bifurcations	13
Cantor sets and Fractal Invariants	15
Non-Hyperbolic Systems	17
A Unifying View of Dynamics	18
Many Other Results	20
Conclusion	21
References	21
J.F. ALVES & V. ARAÚJO — <i>Random perturbations of nonuniformly expanding maps</i>	25
1. Introduction	25
2. Distortion bounds	31
3. Stationary measures	37
4. The number of physical measures	41

5. Stochastic stability	47
6. Applications	52
References	61
J.W. ANDERSON & G.P. PATERNAIN — <i>The minimal entropy problem for 3-manifolds with zero simplicial volume</i>	63
1. Introduction and statement of results	63
2. Preliminaries	66
3. Geometric structures and the minimal entropy problem	74
4. Proof of Theorem A	75
5. Proof of Theorem B	77
References	78
A. AVILA & C.G. MOREIRA — <i>Statistical properties of unimodal maps: smooth families with negative Schwarzian derivative</i>	81
1. Introduction	81
2. General definitions	84
3. Statement of the results	86
4. Analytic families	88
5. Robustness of the dichotomy	92
Quasisymmetric robustness of Collet-Eckmann and polynomial recurrence ...	98
References	117
P. BÁLINT, N. CHERNOV, D. SZÁSZ & I.P. TÓTH — <i>Geometry of Multi-dimensional Dispersing Billiards</i>	119
1. Introduction	119
2. Preliminaries	121
3. Geometry of singularities	124
4. Geometric properties of u-manifolds	129
5. Technical bounds on u-manifolds	138
6. Outlook	148
References	149
P. BERNARD, C. GROTTA RAGAZZO & P.A. SANTORO SALOMÃO — <i>Homoclinic orbits near saddle-center fixed points of Hamiltonian systems with two degrees of freedom</i>	151
Introduction	151
1. Notations and results	152
2. Local sections and invariant curves	154
3. Homoclinic orbits and multiplicity	156
4. Bernoulli shift	158
5. Chaos near the energy shell of the fixed point	163
References	164

G. BIRKHOFF, M. MARTENS & C. TRESSER — <i>On the scaling structure for period doubling</i>	167
1. Definitions and Statement of the Results	167
2. Decompositions and Convergence	172
3. The monotonicity of the scaling function	177
4. The Convexity Condition	181
References	185
CH. BONATTI, L.J. DÍAZ, E.R. PUJALS & J. ROCHA — <i>Robustly transitive sets and heterodimensional cycles</i>	187
1. Introduction	187
2. Transitively related points	193
3. Proof of Theorem A: unfolding heterodimensional cycles	195
4. Hyperbolicity of the extremal bundles	204
5. Proof of Theorem D	209
6. Homoclinic tangencies	215
7. Proof of Theorem E	217
References	221
H. BROER — <i>Coupled Hopf-bifurcations: Persistent examples of n-quasiperiodicity determined by families of 3-jets</i>	223
1. Introduction	223
2. Coupled Hopf-bifurcations	224
References	228
L.A. BUNIMOVICH — <i>Walks in rigid environments: symmetry and dynamics</i> ..	231
1. Introduction	231
2. Definitions and main results	235
3. Proofs	241
4. Concluding remarks	247
References	248
A. CHENCINER — <i>Perverse solutions of the planar n-body problem</i>	249
References	256
E. COLLI & V. PINHEIRO — <i>Chaos versus renormalization at quadratic S-unimodal Misiurewicz bifurcations</i>	257
1. Introduction	257
2. Mounting the proof	261
3. Conventions, distortion and geometry	268
4. Circular recovering	271
5. Exploring transversality	274
6. Transfer maps	276
7. Central branch	280
8. Expansion of regular branch compositions	283

9. Parameter dependence of regular branches	288
10. Other derivatives	292
A. Appendix	298
B. Glossary	306
References	307

CONTENTS OF VOLUME II

Abstracts	xiii
Résumés des articles	xvii
Preface	xxi
J.-P. DEDIEU & M. SHUB — <i>On Random and Mean Exponents for Unitarily Invariant Probability Measures on $\mathrm{GL}_n(\mathbb{C})$</i>	1
1. Introduction	1
2. A More General Theorem	4
3. Manifolds of fixed points	8
4. Proofs of Theorem 3, Propositions 1, 2, 5, Lemma 1 and of Propositions 7 and 8	12
5. Proof of Theorem 8	17
References	18
E.I. DINABURG, V.S. POSVYANSKII & YA.G. SINAI — <i>On Some Approximations of the Quasi-geostrophic Equation</i>	19
1. Introduction	19
2. Finite-dimensional Approximations	23
3. Numerical experiments: results and discussion	28
Appendix. Sketch of the proof of Theorem 1 for $\alpha < 1$	31
References	32
D. DOLGOPYAT & A. WILKINSON — <i>Stable accessibility is C^1 dense</i>	33
Introduction	33
1. Proof of the Main Theorem	38
2. Global accessibility	40
3. Local accessibility	46
References	59

V.J. DONNAY & C.C. PUGH — <i>Anosov Geodesic Flows for Embedded Surfaces</i>	61
1. Introduction	61
2. Finite Horizon	63
3. Dispersing Tubes	65
4. The Perforated Sphere	65
5. Non-orientable Surfaces	67
References	69
R. FERNÁNDEZ & A. TOOM — <i>Non-Gibbsianness of the invariant measures of non-reversible cellular automata with totally asymmetric noise</i>	71
1. Introduction	71
2. Simple examples	72
3. Non-nullness and the probability of aligned spheres	75
4. General Results	78
5. Proof of Theorem 4.2	80
6. Proof of Theorem 4.1	81
7. Final notes	84
References	85
C. GUTIERREZ & A. SARMIENTO — <i>Injectivity of C^1 maps $\mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ at infinity and planar vector fields</i>	89
1. Introduction	89
2. A global injectivity result	92
3. Index of a vector field along a circle	93
4. Avoiding internal tangencies	94
5. Main Proposition	97
6. Proof of Theorem 1	101
7. An example	101
References	102
Y. KIFER — <i>Averaging in difference equations driven by dynamical systems</i>	103
1. Introduction	103
2. Preliminaries and main results	107
3. General estimates and convergence	112
4. Proof of Corollaries	113
5. Toral translations and skew translations	118
References	122
J. LEWOWICZ & R. URES — <i>On Basic Pieces of Axiom A Diffeomorphisms Isotopic to Pseudoanosov Maps</i>	125
1. Introduction	125
2. Preliminaries	126
3. Uniqueness of large basic pieces	130
4. Conditions for semiconjugacy	131
5. Exteriorly situated basic pieces	132
References	133

A.O. LOPES & PH. THIEULLEN — <i>Sub-actions for Anosov diffeomorphisms</i> ..	135
1. Introduction	135
2. Existence of sub-actions	138
3. Maximizing periodic measures	143
References	146
J. RIVERA-LETELIER — <i>Dynamique des fonctions rationnelles sur des corps locaux</i>	147
Introduction	147
1. Préliminaires	157
2. Propriétés des fonctions rationnelles	168
3. Dynamique locale	180
4. Dynamique des fonctions rationnelles	193
5. Composantes analytiques du domaine de quasi-périodicité	211
6. Exemples	223
Références	229
R.O. RUGGIERO — <i>On the divergence of geodesic rays in manifolds without conjugate points, dynamics of the geodesic flow and global geometry</i>	231
Introduction	231
1. Horospheres and Busemann flows in \widetilde{M}	234
2. The divergence of geodesic rays	238
3. Topological transversality of horospheres and expansiveness are equivalent	242
4. Visibility and the ideal boundary of $\pi_1(M)$	245
5. Is the divergence of geodesic rays equivalent to the continuity of horospheres?	247
References	248
J. SEADE & A. VERJOVSKY — <i>Complex Schottky Groups</i>	251
Introduction	251
1. Complex Schottky groups	253
2. Quotient Spaces of the region of discontinuity	260
3. Hausdorff dimension and moduli spaces	264
References	270

ABSTRACTS

On the Mathematical Contributions of Jacob Palis

SHELDON NEWHOUSE 1

A Conference on Dynamical Systems celebrating the 60th birthday of Jacob Palis was held at IMPA (Instituto de Matemática Pura e Aplicada) in Rio de Janeiro from July 19-28, 2000. This article is a revised and expanded version of a lecture I gave at the Conference. Many additions, including the list of references and the entire sections below on *Homoclinic Bifurcations*, *Cantor Sets and Fractal Invariants*, *Non-Hyperbolic Systems*, and *A Unifying View of Dynamics*, were made later by Marcelo Viana. It was decided to preserve the flavor of the lecture by keeping the narrative in the first person. I am grateful to Marcelo for his contributions to this paper. In my opinion, they greatly improved the presentation of the mathematical scope and influence of Jacob Palis.

Random perturbations of nonuniformly expanding maps

JOSÉ FERREIRA ALVES & VÍTOR ARAÚJO 25

We give both sufficient conditions and necessary conditions for the stochastic stability of nonuniformly expanding maps either with or without critical sets. We also show that the number of probability measures describing the statistical asymptotic behaviour of random orbits is bounded by the number of SRB measures if the noise level is small enough. As an application of these results we prove the stochastic stability of certain classes of nonuniformly expanding maps introduced in [Vi1] and [ABV].

The minimal entropy problem for 3-manifolds with zero simplicial volume

JAMES W. ANDERSON & GABRIEL P. PATERNAIN 63

In this note, we consider the *minimal entropy problem*, namely the question of whether there exists a smooth metric of minimal (topological) entropy, for certain classes of closed 3-manifolds. Specifically, we prove the following two results.

Theorem A. *Let M be a closed orientable irreducible 3-manifold whose fundamental group contains a $\mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}$ subgroup. The following are equivalent:*

- (1) *the simplicial volume $\|M\|$ of M is zero and the minimal entropy problem for M can be solved;*
- (2) *M admits a geometric structure modelled on \mathbb{E}^3 or Nil;*
- (3) *M admits a smooth metric g with $h_{\text{top}}(g) = 0$.*

Theorem B. *Let M be a closed orientable geometrizable 3-manifold. The following are equivalent:*

- (1) *the simplicial volume $\|M\|$ of M is zero and the minimal entropy problem for M can be solved;*
- (2) *M admits a geometric structure modelled on \mathbb{S}^3 , $\mathbb{S}^2 \times \mathbb{R}$, \mathbb{E}^3 , or Nil;*
- (3) *M admits a smooth metric g with $h_{\text{top}}(g) = 0$.*

Statistical properties of unimodal maps: smooth families with negative Schwarzian derivative

ARTUR ÁVILA & CARLOS GUSTAVO MOREIRA 81

We prove that there is a residual set of families of smooth or analytic unimodal maps with quadratic critical point and negative Schwarzian derivative such that almost every non-regular parameter is Collet-Eckmann with subexponential recurrence of the critical orbit. Those conditions lead to a detailed and robust statistical description of the dynamics. This proves the Palis conjecture in this setting.

Geometry of Multi-dimensional Dispersing Billiards

PÉTER BÁLINT, NIKOLAI CHERNOV, DOMOKOS SZÁSZ & IMRE PÉTER TÓTH 119

Geometric properties of multi-dimensional dispersing billiards are studied in this paper. On the one hand, non-smooth behaviour in the singularity submanifolds of the system is discovered (this discovery applies to the more general class of semi-dispersing billiards as well). On the other hand, a self-contained geometric description for unstable manifolds is given, together with the proof of important regularity properties. All these issues are highly relevant to studying the ergodic and statistical behaviour of the dynamics.

Homoclinic orbits near saddle-center fixed points of Hamiltonian systems with two degrees of freedom

PATRICK BERNARD, CLODOALDO GROTTA RAGAZZO & PEDRO A. SANTORO SALOMÃO 151

We study a class of Hamiltonian systems on a 4 dimensional symplectic manifold which have a saddle-center fixed point and satisfy the following property: All the periodic orbits in the center manifold of the fixed point have an orbit homoclinic to them, although the fixed point itself does not. In addition, we prove that these systems have a chaotic behavior in the neighborhood of the energy shell of the fixed point.

On the scaling structure for period doubling
 GARRETT BIRKHOFF, MARCO MARTENS & CHARLES TRESSER 167

We describe an order on the set of scaling ratios of the generic universal smooth period doubling Cantor set and prove that this set of ratios forms itself a Cantor set, a Conjecture formulated by Couillet and Tresser in 1977. This result establishes explicitly the geometrical complexity of the universal period doubling Cantor set. We also show a convergence result for the two period doubling renormalization operators, acting on the codimension one space of period doubling maps. In particular they form an iterated function system whose limit set contains a Cantor set.

Robustly transitive sets and heterodimensional cycles
 CHRISTIAN BONATTI, LORENZO J. DÍAZ, ENRIQUE R. PUJALS & JORGE ROCHA 187

It is known that all non-hyperbolic robustly transitive sets Λ_φ have a dominated splitting and, generically, contain periodic points of different indices. We show that, for a \mathcal{C}^1 -dense open subset of diffeomorphisms φ , the indices of periodic points in a robust transitive set Λ_φ form an interval in \mathbb{N} . We also prove that the homoclinic classes of two periodic points in Λ_φ are robustly equal. Finally, we describe what sort of homoclinic tangencies may appear in Λ_φ by studying its dominated splittings.

Coupled Hopf-bifurcations: Persistent examples of n -quasiperiodicity determined by families of 3-jets
 HENK BROER 223

In this note examples are presented of vector fields depending on parameters and determined by the 3-jet, which display persistent occurrence of n -quasiperiodicity. In the parameter space this occurrence has relatively large measure. A leading example consists of weakly coupled Hopf bifurcations. This example, however, is extended to full generality in the space of all 3-jets.

Walks in rigid environments: symmetry and dynamics
 LEONID A. BUNIMOVICH 231

We study dynamical systems generated by a motion of a particle in an array of scatterers distributed in a lattice. Such deterministic cellular automata are called Lorentz-type lattice gases or walks in rigid environments. It is shown that these models can be completely solved in the one-dimensional case. The corresponding regimes of motion can serve as the simple dynamical examples of diffusion, sub- and super-diffusion.

Perverse solutions of the planar n -body problem
 ALAIN CHENCINER 249

The perverse solutions of the n -body problem are the solutions which satisfy the equations of motion for at least two distinct systems of masses. I contribute

with some simple remarks concerning their existence, a question which curiously seems to be new.

Chaos versus renormalization at quadratic S-unimodal Misiurewicz bifurcations
 EDUARDO COLLI & VILTON PINHEIRO 257

We study C^3 families of unimodal maps of the interval with negative Schwarzian derivative and quadratic critical point, transversally unfolding Misiurewicz bifurcations, and for these families we prove that existence of an absolutely continuous invariant probability measure (“chaos”) and existence of a renormalization are prevalent in measure along the parameter. Moreover, the method also shows that existence of a renormalization is dense and chaos occurs with positive measure.

RÉSUMÉS DES ARTICLES

On the Mathematical Contributions of Jacob Palis

SHELDON NEWHOUSE 1

Une conférence sur les systèmes dynamiques s'est tenue à l'IMPA (Instituto de Matemática Pura e Aplicada) à Rio de Janeiro, à l'occasion du 60^e anniversaire de Jacob Palis, du 19 au 28 juillet 2000. Cet article est une version révisée et élargie d'un exposé que j'ai donné lors de la conférence. Plusieurs ajouts, incluant une liste de références et les paragraphes intitulés *Homoclinic Bifurcations*, *Cantor Sets and Fractal Invariants*, *Non-Hyperbolic Systems* et *A Unifying View of Dynamics*, ont été introduits plus tard par Marcelo Viana. Il a été décidé de préserver l'ambiance de l'exposé en conservant une narration à la première personne. Je remercie Marcelo pour ses contributions à cet article. À mon avis, celles-ci ont beaucoup amélioré la présentation de l'envergnure mathématique et de l'influence de Jacob Palis.

Random perturbations of nonuniformly expanding maps

JOSÉ FERREIRA ALVES & VÍTOR ARAÚJO 25

Nous donnons des conditions suffisantes et des conditions nécessaires pour la stabilité stochastique de transformations non uniformément dilatantes, avec ou sans ensembles critiques. Nous prouvons aussi que le nombre de mesures de probabilité qui décrit le comportement statistique asymptotique des orbites aléatoires est borné par le nombre de mesures de SRB si le niveau de bruit est assez petit. Comme application de ces résultats nous prouvons la stabilité stochastique de certaines classes de transformations non uniformément dilatantes présentées dans [Vi1] et [ABV].

The minimal entropy problem for 3-manifolds with zero simplicial volume

JAMES W. ANDERSON & GABRIEL P. PATERNAIN 63

Dans cet article, nous considérons le *problème de l'entropie minimale*, c'est-à-dire la question de l'existence d'une métrique lisse d'entropie (topologique)

minimale, pour certaines classes de variétés fermées de dimension 3. Précisément, nous montrons les deux résultats suivants.

Théorème A. *Soit M une variété fermée de dimension 3, orientable et irréductible, dont le groupe fondamental contient un sous-groupe $\mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}$. Les propriétés suivantes sont équivalentes:*

- (1) *le volume simplicial $\|M\|$ de M est nul et le problème de l'entropie minimale pour M peut être résolu;*
- (2) *M admet une structure géométrique modelée sur \mathbb{E}^3 ou Nil;*
- (3) *M admet une métrique lisse g avec $h_{\text{top}}(g) = 0$.*

Théorème B. *Soit M une variété fermée de dimension 3, orientable et géométrisable. Les propriétés suivantes sont équivalentes:*

- (1) *le volume simplicial $\|M\|$ de M est nul et le problème de l'entropie minimale pour M peut être résolu;*
- (2) *M admet une structure géométrique modelée sur \mathbb{S}^3 , $\mathbb{S}^2 \times \mathbb{R}$, \mathbb{E}^3 , ou Nil;*
- (3) *M admet une métrique lisse g avec $h_{\text{top}}(g) = 0$.*

Statistical properties of unimodal maps: smooth families with negative Schwarzian derivative

ARTUR AVILA & CARLOS GUSTAVO MOREIRA 81

Nous montrons que l'ensemble des familles d'applications unimodales telles que presque tout paramètre non régulier est Collet-Eckmann avec récurrence sous-exponentielle de l'orbite critique est résiduel. Ceci nous amène à donner une description statistique détaillée et robuste de la dynamique. Nos résultats démontrent la conjecture de Palis dans ce contexte.

Geometry of Multi-dimensional Dispersing Billiards

PÉTER BÁLINT, NIKOLAI CHERNOV, DOMOKOS SZÁSZ & IMRE PÉTER TÓTH 119

Dans cet article, on étudie les propriétés géométriques des billards dispersifs multi-dimensionnels. D'une part, on découvre un comportement non régulier dans les variétés singulières du système (cette découverte concerne aussi la catégorie plus générale des billards semi-dispersifs). D'autre part, on donne une description géométrique cohérente pour les variétés instables, puis on démontre d'importantes propriétés de régularité. Toutes ces questions sont particulièrement en rapport avec l'étude du comportement ergodique et statistique de la dynamique.

Homoclinic orbits near saddle-center fixed points of Hamiltonian systems with two degrees of freedom

PATRICK BERNARD, CLODOALDO GROTTA RAGAZZO & PEDRO A. SANTORO SALOMÃO 151

On étudie une classe de systèmes hamiltoniens sur une variété symplectique de dimension 4 qui admettent un point fixe de type selle-centre et vérifient la propriété suivante: chaque orbite périodique de la variété centrale du point fixe

a une orbite homocline, mais le point fixe lui-même n'a pas d'orbite homocline. On montre de plus que ces systèmes ont un comportement chaotique au voisinage de la surface d'énergie du point fixe.

On the scaling structure for period doubling

GARRETT BIRKHOFF, MARCO MARTENS & CHARLES TRESSER 167

Nous décrivons un ordre sur l'ensemble des rapports d'échelle de l'ensemble de Cantor du doublement de période générique universel lisse, et montrons que cet ensemble de rapports forme lui-même un ensemble de Cantor, ce qui est une conjecture formulée par Couillet et Tresser en 1977. Ce résultat établit explicitement la complexité géométrique de l'ensemble de Cantor du doublement de période universel. Nous montrons aussi un résultat de convergence pour les deux opérateurs de renormalisation du doublement de période, agissant sur l'espace de codimension 1 des applications de doublement de période.

Robustly transitive sets and heterodimensional cycles

CHRISTIAN BONATTI, LORENZO J. DÍAZ, ENRIQUE R. PUJALS & JORGE ROCHA 187

On sait que les ensembles robustement transitifs non hyperboliques possèdent une décomposition dominée et contiennent génériquement des points périodiques de différents indices. Nous montrons que, sur une partie C^1 -ouverte et dense de difféomorphismes φ , les indices des points périodiques d'un ensemble Λ_φ robustement transitif forment un intervalle dans \mathbb{N} . Nous montrons aussi que les classes homoclines de deux points périodiques de Λ_φ sont robustement égales. Finalement, nous décrivons les types de tangences homoclines qui peuvent apparaître dans Λ_φ , en analysant les différentes décompositions dominées de Λ_φ .

Coupled Hopf-bifurcations: Persistent examples of n -quasiperiodicity determined by families of 3-jets

HENK BROER 223

Dans cet article, on présente des exemples de champs de vecteurs dépendant de paramètres et déterminés par leur 3-jet, qui présentent une n -quasipériodicité persistante. Dans l'espace des paramètres, ce phénomène apparaît sur un ensemble de mesure relativement grande. Les bifurcations de Hopf couplées en sont l'exemple principal. On étend cet exemple en toute généralité à l'espace de tous les 3-jets.

Walks in rigid environments: symmetry and dynamics

LEONID A. BUNIMOVICH 231

Nous étudions des systèmes dynamiques engendrés par le mouvement d'une particule sur un ensemble de dispersions distribuées dans un réseau. Ces automates cellulaires déterministes sont appelés gaz de réseau de type Lorentz

ou marches en environnements rigides. Nous démontrons que ces modèles peuvent être complètement résolus en dimension 1. Les régimes de mouvement peuvent servir d'exemples dynamiques simples de diffusion, sous-diffusion et supra-diffusion.

Perverse solutions of the planar n -body problem

ALAIN CHENCINER 249

Les solutions perverses du problème des n corps sont celles qui satisfont aux équations du mouvement pour au moins deux systèmes distincts de masses. Je fais quelques remarques simples sur la question de leur existence, question qui curieusement semble nouvelle.

Chaos versus renormalization at quadratic S -unimodal Misiurewicz bifurcations

EDUARDO COLLI & VILTON PINHEIRO 257

Nous étudions des familles C^3 d'applications unimodales de l'intervalle avec une dérivée de Schwarz négative et un point critique quadratique, qui déploient transversalement une bifurcation de Misiurewicz, et nous démontrons, pour ces familles, que l'existence d'une mesure de probabilité invariante absolument continue ("chaos") et l'existence d'une renormalisation sont prévalentes en mesure dans l'espace des paramètres. D'autre part, la méthode montre aussi que l'existence d'une renormalisation est dense et le chaos a lieu avec une mesure positive.

PREFACE

These two volumes collect original research articles submitted by participants of the International Conference on Dynamical Systems held at IMPA, Rio de Janeiro, in July 19-28, 2000 to commemorate the 60th birthday of Jacob Palis.

These articles cover a wide range of subjects in Dynamics, reflecting the Conference's broad scope, itself a tribute to the diversity and influence of Jacob's contributions to the mathematical community worldwide, and most notably in Latin America, through his scientific work, his role as an educator of young researchers, his responsibilities in international scientific bodies, and the efforts he has always devoted to fostering the development of Mathematics in all regions of the globe.

His own mathematical work, which extends for more than 80 publications, is described in Sheldon Newhouse's opening article. It is, perhaps, best summarized by the following quotation from Jacob's recent nomination for the French Academy of Sciences: "sa vision, en constante évolution, a considérablement élargi le sujet".

As Jacob does not seem willing to slow down, we should expect much more from him in the years to come...

Rio de Janeiro and Paris,

May 20, 2003

Wellington de Melo, Marcelo Viana, Jean-Christophe Yoccoz

Jacob Palis Mathematical Tree



Location of present institution indicated.

SCIENTIFIC WORKS OF JACOB PALIS

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